Conversations on illiberalism

with politicians

President Xi Jinping五官 strongly against illiberalism. He emphasized the importance of upholding the principles of democracy and human rights, and the need for a global community to work together to combat illiberal tendencies. During his speech, Xi Jinping called for a more inclusive and cooperative international order, highlighting the need for countries to respect each other’s sovereignty and territorial integrity.

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Resource Hub

Interviews with 50 Scholars

The Many Faces of Eric Zemmour: Conservative, Populist, and Authoritarian

Andrey Shcherbak

In an attempt to create an integrated understanding of populism, Shcherbak explores the complexities of the phenomenon, examining various factors such as cultural identity, economic conditions, and political institutions. He argues that populism is a multifaceted concept that cannot be reduced to a single definition, and suggests that researchers should consider multiple dimensions when studying this political force.

Marc Lazar on French and Italian politics and the transformations of the left, peoplecracy and its distinction from populism

Jack Z. Bratich on the less perceptible qualities of fascism, kinds of antifascist necropolitics and conspiracy theories.

Halil Yenigun on Turkey's authoritarian and illiberalism

Ivan Kalmar

From security and international affairs, to democratic academic articles on illiberalism and other topics relating to illiberal movements. From security and international affairs, to democratic academic articles on illiberalism and other topics relating to illiberal movements. From security and international affairs, to democratic academic articles on illiberalism and other topics relating to illiberal movements.